

Local Validation Checklist for Planning Applications submitted to the Council of the Isles of Scilly

HOUSEHOLDER* APPLICATION

and

Combined Householder* and Listed Building Consent Adopted: 21/01/2021

*A Householder Checklist is only to be used if your planning application is a Householder application.

To Be Submitted with your planning application

Site Address:	
Proposed Development:	
01. and 02. HOUSEHOLDER APPLICATIONS Validation Checklist	Tick
Application Form [guidance] NR	
Location Plan [guidance] NR	
Site Plan [guidance] NR	
Plans and Drawings [guidance] NR	
Correct Fee [guidance] NR	
A Site Waste Management Plan [guidance] LR	
a) A Site Waste Management Plan is included; or	
b) A Site Waste Management Plan is <u>not</u> included because the development does not result in any waste or full details of re-use of waste materials is included clearly in the plan.	
 c) I am happy for a Site Waste Management Plan to be a pre- commencement condition. (Please note the additional fee and application process for dealing with post-decision conditions). 	
A Scheme of Sustainable Design Measures [guidance] LR	
a) A Scheme of Sustainable Design Measures is included; or	
b) A Scheme of Sustainable Design Measures is not included because the site already benefits from adequate energy and water saving measures that cannot be improved and are stated on the plans.	
c) I am happy for scheme of Sustainable Design Measures to be a pre-commencement condition. (Please note the additional	

fee and condition		process for de	aling with post-d	ecision	
Tree Survey [guidance] L	.R			
The state of the s	vorks, or areas		re no trees within 1 I levels are propos		
the subm developm	ission includes nent on those t	s an assessme	m of any developm ent of the impact of ptree protection mo	the	
Flood Risk As	ssessment [guidance] Li	R		
a) A flood ris	sk assessmen	t is included; o	r		
within Flo	od Zone1/low		d because the pro ow 5m datum) and e dealt with.		
Bat Survey/E [guidance] LF	•	sessment, N	litigation and E	nhanceme	nt Strategy
· ·	•	al Assessment/ urvey have bee	Bat Emergence So en included; or	urvey and	
because	there is no der of trees and no	molition of any	has not been inclu structure, works to the roof of any bui	or	
Statement of	Existing and	d Proposed I	nternal Floorsp	ace [<u>guida</u>	nce] LR
· ·	•	~	ernal floorspace ca e the table below);		
	n included as t		oorspace calculationge in the internal		
Existing	No of Storeys/ floors	No of Bedrooms	No of related persons living in the property	Calculation Gross Inter Floor space (M²)	nal
Proposed					
Light Assessr	nent [<u>Guida</u>	nce] LR			

a)	A light assessment has been included as I am aware my proposal could impact upon light levels or the amenity of neighbouring properties as a result of my extension or alteration proposed.	
b)	A light assessment has <u>not</u> been included as my proposal does not impact on any neighbouring property or land use.	
• Exter	nal Illumination Assessment [Guidance] LR	
a)	An External Illumination assessment has been included as my application includes external illumination and I am aware my proposal could impact upon the dark skies of the Isles of Scilly.	
b)	An External Illumination assessment has <u>not</u> been included as my proposal does not include any external illumination.	

If you are making a dual application for Listed Building Consent you will also require:

Listed building Consent (LBC) is required for any alterations or extensions that 'affect the character' of a listed building(s). If the work to be carried out to a listed building is 'like-for-like' (i.e. using the same materials and design to what is already there) then it is deemed repair and maintenance and does not require LBC. If, however, you plan to make any changes, either externally or internally to the building or any objects and structures associated with that building including boundary walls and gates you will require LBC.

03. Validation Criteria in addition to the above if the application is a dual Householder and Listed Building Consent application.	Tick
 Detailed drawings, which may include plans, elevations, and vertical and horizontal sections, must be to a scale of 1:20, and should include all details of the work to be carried out (for example all new doors, windows, window or door furniture, shop fronts, panelling, fireplaces, plaster moulding and other decorative details) and must also indicate the relationship of the proposed works to adjacent existing structures/details [guidance] NR 	
Heritage Impact Statement [guidance] LR	
Design and Access Statement [guidance] NR	

Explanation for not submitting any of the above LR information which will be taken into account in deciding whether your application can be registered:

Print Name:		
Signed:		
Dated:		
I am the A	pplicant □	I am acting on behalf of the applicant: □

National Requirements

Application form

All sections need be completed using the relevant national 1APP form - https://lapp.planningportal.co.uk/Form/StartPlanningApplication

If included in the application form, an ownership and agricultural holdings certificate (A, B, C or D) must be completed stating the ownership of the property and whether or not the site includes an agricultural holding. For this purpose an 'owner' is anyone with a freehold interest, or leasehold interest the unexpired term of which is not less than seven years. A notice to the owner of the application site must be completed and served in accordance with Article 12 of the Development Management Procedure Order. All agricultural tenants must be notified prior to the submission of the application.

Downloadable Form:

Householder Application form

https://ecab.planningportal.co.uk/uploads/appPDF/Z0835Form004 england en.pdf Householder Application and Listed Building Consent Combined Form: https://ecab.planningportal.co.uk/uploads/appPDF/Z0835Form008 england en.pdf

Location plan

The plan must show the site location outlined in red at a standard metric scale (typically 1:1250 or 1:2500) with a north point. Any other land owned by the applicant must be outlined in blue. Plans should identify sufficient roads and/or buildings on land adjoining the application site so that the exact location of the application site is clear.

Every plan (including all copies) based upon Ordnance Survey maps must have the appropriate Ordnance Survey copyright notice.

Guidance:

https://ecab.planningportal.co.uk/uploads/1app/maps_plans_and_planning_apps.pdf

Site Plan

A site plan showing the proposal in relation to the site boundaries, other buildings and trees at a metric scale (suggestive scale 1:200 or 1:500). It must also show the (a) direction of North, (b) the proposed development in relation to the site boundaries and other existing buildings on the site, (and the following, unless these would NOT influence or be affected by the proposed development) (c) all buildings roads and footpaths on land adjoining the site including access arrangements, (d) all public rights of way crossing or adjoining the site, (e) the position of all trees on the site, and those on the adjacent land, (f) the extent and type of any hard surfacing; and (g) boundary treatment including walls or fencing where this is proposed.

Guidance:

https://ecab.planningportal.co.uk/uploads/1app/maps_plans_and_planning_apps.pdf

Correct fee

Planning application fees are due to be paid at the point of submitting your application. The payment of a fee does not guarantee the outcome of the decision on your application. The fees are set nationally based on the Town and Country Planning (Fees for applications, deemed applications, requests and site visits) (England) Regulations 2012 (as amended). See the Planning Portal for a useful fee calculator:

http://www.planningportal.gov.uk/PpApplications/genpub/en/StandaloneFeeCalculator

Guidance: https://ecab.planningportal.co.uk/uploads/english application fees.pdf

Design and Access Statement

A design and access (DAS) statement is a short report accompanying and supporting a planning application. They provide a framework for applicants to explain how a proposed development is a suitable response to the site and its setting, and demonstrate that it can be adequately accessed by prospective users. Please refer to the Planning Portal for information about which types of application require a Design and Access Statement (DAS)

https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/22205 1/Streamlining_the_planning_application_process - government_response.pdf

A DAS does not form part of the application but is a short report to support and provide an evidence base for a planning application. It should seek to explain and justify the proposal in a structured way. The level of detail required in a DAS will depend on the scale and complexity of the application, and the length of the statement will vary accordingly. The DAS should cover both the design principles and concepts that have been applied to the proposed development and how issues relating to access to the development have been dealt with. A section regarding Climate Change and Sustainability should also be included for major development proposals. Information provided within the DAS cannot be a substitute for other requirements in either the national or local list."

Guidance: https://www.designcouncil.org.uk/resources/guide/design-and-access-statements-how-write-read-and-use-them

Plans and Drawings

- Block plan of the site, showing: site boundaries; the type and height of boundary treatment (e.g. walls, fences), where a change is proposed; the position of any building or structure on the other side of such boundaries, where these could influence or be affected by the proposed development.
- Elevations all existing and proposed elevations to be shown at a metric scale of 1:50 or 1:100 (unless retrospective)
- Floor plans existing (where relevant) and proposed at a metric scale of 1:50 or 1:100.
- Sections required where any proposal involves a change in levels or is on a sloping site. Drawings should include finished floor levels.
- Roof Plan existing and proposed at a metric scale of 1:50 or 1:500

Local Requirements

In addition to the above national list validation requirements, set out below is a list of local validation requirements which details specific documentation that is required to accompany the application, to address local circumstances and issues. The requirements will vary according to the type, scale and nature of the application being made, i.e. household, full, advertisement or major development etc.

Archaeological Assessment (Written Scheme of Investigation)

Archaeological Monitorir	ng Brief	
Policy Justification	NPPF 2019: Paragraph 189 - 202	
-	Local Plan Policy	
	2005 : Policy 1	
	2015-2030 : Policy OE7	
Description	Site archaeological work involves consultation of a broad range of	
	sources including historic maps, aerial photographs, archaeological	
	journals and databases. The resulting report will assess the likelihood and	
	possible nature of any archaeology present, and the risk the development	
	may pose to it. Applicants are advised to discuss their proposals with the	
	Council's Planning and Development Department who will be able to	
	advise whether this assessment is necessary and which individuals or	
	companies will be able to carry one out on your behalf.	
Required where:	Development proposals where works include trenching or foundations on	
	or adjoining a site of known or suspected archaeological interest, such as	
	sites within Archaeological Constraint Areas, listed buildings or scheduled	
	monuments. All development proposals for new dwellings and new	
Links to suideness	employment buildings.	
Links to guidance:	Desk Based Assessment Guidance, ALGAO Planning Advice, Heritage	
	Gateway; Cornwall and Isles of Scilly Historic Environment; Local Plan	
	Policies Map (which shows constraints such as archaeological constraint areas,	
	listed buildings and scheduled monuments)	

Bat Survey/Ecological Assessment, Mitigation and Enhancement Strategy

Bat Survey/ Ecological Assessment, Mitigation and Enhancement Strategy		
Policy Justification	NPPF 2019: Paragraph 20, 118,	
,	Local Plan Policy:	
	2005 : Policy 1	
	2015-2030: Policy SS2, SS3, OE2	
Description	An assessment as to the impact on bats or other protected species will be required, such as a Preliminary Ecological Appraisal. Further Bat Emergence surveys could be required depending on the results of the initial survey.	
Required where:	Development proposals for any demolition of a building, alterations to any roof of a building, for residential development of 1 or more new dwelling, development proposed where protected species are known to be present, if proposal is within or adjacent to a designated nature conservation site (SAC, SPA, SSSI, LNR and biodiversity network), for any proposed tree works of aged or veteran trees, floodlighting green space or lighting churches/listed buildings; development on or over intertidal habitats	
Links to guidance:	Isles of Scilly Biodiversity and Geodiversity SPD, https://cieem.net/resource/what-to-expect-from-a-bat-survey-a-guide-for- uk-homeowners/, 2005 Circular on Biodiversity and Geological Conservation, ALGE Validating a Planning Application	

Heritage Impact Assessment and Statement of Significance

Policy Justification	NPPF 2019: Paragraph 189
	Local Plan Policy:
	2005 : Policy 1
	2015-2030: Policy OE7
Description	The scope and degree of detail necessary in a Heritage Statement will vary according to each application, but it is expected that an acceptable
	Heritage Statement will contain sufficient and proportionate detail to understand the significance of the building, site or area concerned (the 'heritage asset'); describe the extent and nature of the proposed
	development; the impact of that development on the heritage asset; the justification for the works, and any mitigation proposed.
Required where:	Any application which affects a 'designated heritage asset' or its setting. Designated Heritage Assets on the Isles of Scilly include Listed Buildings, Registered Historic Parks and Gardens and Scheduled Monuments. A Heritage Statement may also be requested if the Council identifies a building or site as a 'non-designated heritage asset' of architectural, historic, archaeological or artistic interest during the pre-application or application process.
Links to guidance:	http://heritagehelp.org.uk/planning/heritage-statements_and
U	http://www.cornwall.gov.uk/environment-and-planning/historic-
	environment/

Light Assessment

Light Assessment	
Policy Justification	NPPF 2019: Paragraph 127
	Local Plan Policy:
	2005:
	2015-2030: Policy SS2, LC8
Description	The statement should include information detailing how adverse impact
	on the sunlight or daylight enjoyed by adjoining properties may be
	reduced
Required where:	Householder, planning permission, listed building consent and tree works
	where proposals potentially have an adverse impact on the
	daylight/sunlight enjoyed by adjoining properties or buildings
Links to guidance:	https://www.right-of-light.co.uk/services/daylight-sunlight-
	reports/ BRE Factsheets 1, 2, 3, 4, 5

External Illumination Statement

External Illumination Sta	External Illumination Statement	
Policy Justification	NPPF 2019: Paragraph 180	
	Local Plan Policy:	
	2005:	
	2015-2030 : Policy OE1, OE4	
Description	The statement should include information detailing how adverse impact	
	on amenity, including highway safety, wildlife impacts as well as the	
	impact of sky glare enjoyed by adjoining properties may be reduced	
Required where:	Householder, planning permission, listed building consent and tree works	
	where external illumination is proposed. Such proposals have the	
	potential to have an adverse impact on the islands Dark Night Skies.	
Links to guidance:	<u>Dark Skies Handbook</u>	

Flood Risk Assessment

Flood Risk Assessment	
Policy Justification	NPPF 2019: Paragraph 34, 43 Local Plan Policy:

	2005 : Policy 1
	2015-2030: Policy SS7
Description	A Flood Risk Assessment (FRA) will be required for development on a
	site where there is a potential risk of flooding. Including areas below 5 m
	datum. The FRA should identify and assess the risks of all forms of
	flooding to and from the development and demonstrate how these flood
	risks will be managed, taking climate change into account.
Required where:	Development proposals of 1 hectare or greater in Flood Zone 1 and for all
	proposals for new development located in Flood Zones 2 and 3 as
	designated by the Environment Agency.
Links to guidance:	General advice is available from the Environment Agency including
	information on SUDS. Flood repairable house guidance

Site Waste Management Plan

Site Waste Management Plan	
Policy Justification	NPPF 2019: Paragraph 20,
	Local Plan Policy:
	2005 : Policy 6
	2015-2030: Policy SS1, SS2, OE5
Description	A site waste management plan is a document that describes, in detail, the
	amount and type of waste from a construction project and how it will be
	reused, recycled or disposed of.
Required where:	A Site Waste Management Plan is needed for all types of proposed
	development and should demonstrate the efficient use of construction
	materials and methods so that waste is minimised and any waste that is
	produced can be re-used, recycled or recovered in other ways before
	disposal options are explored.
Links to guidance:	Guide to Site Waste Management Plans

Statement of Existing and Proposed Internal Floorspace

Statement of Existing and Proposed Internal Floorspace	
Justification	NPPF 2019: Paragraph 127(f),
	Local Plan Policy:
	2005:
	2015-2030: Policy LC3, LC8, SS3
Description	In order to retain a supply of smaller and affordable homes the Local Plan
	requires all new homes to align with the Nationally Described Space
	Standards and no more than 10% above.
	In order to prevent cramped homes that do not meet the minimum space
	standards.
Required where:	For development proposals for new dwellings, for domestic extensions,
	for conversions to residential use and for replacement dwellings. These
	should demonstrate a size that relates to the National Describes Space
	Standards.
Links to guidance:	<u>Technical Housing Standards – Nationally Described Space</u>
	<u>Standards</u>

Tree Survey/Assessment

Tree Survey/Assessment	
Policy Justification	NPPF 2019: Paragraph 127(f),
	Local Plan Policy:
	2005: Policy 1
	2015-2030: Policy OE2, OE1, OE7

Description	A tree survey will include a plan that identifies the position of the tree(s) and a schedule that describes them. A tree constrains plan may be needed to indicate how the trees will influence the layout of the design. An arboriculture method statement can also be included which details how trees will be protected in relation to the finalised design
Required where:	Development proposals require the removal of trees in a conservation
	area. Where Tree Felling or Tree Works are proposed to a tree with a
	Tree Preservation Order
Links to guidance:	A guide to good management., Tree Surveys: A guide to
	Good Practice; Further advice is available from BS
	5837:2005 - Trees in relation to construction

Statement of Sustainable Design Methods

Statement of Sustainable Design Methods	
Policy Justification	NPPF 2019: Paragraph 7, 16, 38, 78, 124
	Local Plan Policy: Policy 2, 6
	2005:
	2015-2030: Policy SS1, SS2,
Description	The statement needs to demonstrate how the proposal incorporates
	onsite solutions to reduce energy and water consumption, including water
	harvesting measures and mico-generation.
Required where:	Development proposals for any new buildings and conversions as well as
	for domestic extensions.
Links to guidance:	Good Practice Guide, IOS Design Guide; Guide to
	Sustainable Design, Isles of Scilly SPD Sustainable Energy;
	Sustainable Design and Construction,