

COUNCIL OF THE ISLES OF SCILLY

Application Number: P/16/120/FUL	Town and Country Planning (Environmental
	Impact Assessment) (England and Wales)
Screened by: Steph Wade	Regulation 2015
Planning Officer	Regulation 2013
On: 16 th January 2017	

This is a schedule 2 development by virtue of 3 (i) of Schedule 2 of the EIA Regs

1. The characteristics of development must be considered having regard in particular to:

a) the size of the development;	Erection of a glazed roof canopy with open
	sides adjoining hotel elevations on three
	elevations. Measuring approx. 7m x 4m.
	The proposal would be adding to the existing
b) the accumulation with other development;	built environment. There would be some
	accumulation of built development.
c) the use of natural resources;	Some use of natural resources in terms of
	materials of construction.
d) the grandest are aforested	Some production of waste for construction
d) the production of waste;	purposes.
a) pollution and puisaness	Some pollution and nuisance as a result of
e) pollution and nuisances;	construction works.
f) the risk of accidents, having regard in	Likely to be low risk of accidents having
particular to substances or technologies	regard to the standard technologies to be
used.	used.

2. The environmental sensitivity of geographical areas likely to be affected by development must be considered having regard, in particular, to:

a) the existing land use;	The existing land use is commercial use.
b) the relative abundance, quality and regenerative capacity of natural resources in the area;	Outside the site there is a high abundance of high quality natural resources, both coastal and countryside of both designated international importance and local nature reserves.

c) the a	absorption capacity of the natural	The application is for the erection of a covered
enviror	nment, paying particular attention to the	terrace area/canopy to an existing building. The
following areas:		absorption capacity of the natural environment
		is considered to be high.
l.	Wetlands;	
II.	Coastal zones;	
III.	Mountain and forest areas;	
	Nature reserves and parks;	
V.	Areas classified or protected under	
	Member states' legislation; areas	
	designated by Member States pursuant to	
	Council Directive 79/409/EEC on the	
	conservation of Wild Birds (a) and Council	
	Directive 92/43/EEC on the conservation of natural habitats and of wild fauna and	
1/1	flora (b);	
VI.	Area in which the environmental quality	
	standards laid down in Community	
VII.	legislation have already been exceeded; Densely populated areas;	
VIII.		
VIII.	•	
	archaeological significance;	

3. The potential significant effects of development must be considered in relation to criteria set out under paragraphs 1 and 2 above, and having regard in particular to:

a) The extent of the impact (geographical areas and size of the affected population);	The impact will be limited to the building and site.
b) The trans-frontier nature of the impact;	There will not be any trans-frontier impacts
c) The magnitude and complexity of the impact;	Low
d) The probability of the impact;	Low
e) The duration, frequency and reversibility of the impact.	The proposed construction of the new strcuture would be permanent and irreversible.

Q1	Is it a major development which is of more than local importance?	N	
Q2	Does it affect a particularly environmentally sensitive or vulnerable location?	N	
		2 N	
Q3	Does it have unusually complex and potentially hazardous environmental effects	? N	

Conclusion			
Conclusion	Not required.		
Environmental Impact Assessment			