

## **COUNCIL OF THE ISLES OF SCILLY**

Application Number: P/17/040/FUL	Town and Country Planning (Environmental
	Impact Assessment) (England and Wales)
Screened by: Steph Wade	Regulation 2015
Planning Officer	Regulation 2015
On: 19 <sup>th</sup> May 2017	

## This is a schedule 2 development by virtue of 3 (i) of Schedule 2 of the EIA Regs

1. The characteristics of development must be considered having regard in particular to:

a) the size of the development;	Raise ridge height of existing roof by 0.7 metres, install three flat roof dormer extensions and additional alterations to design of dwelling including the installation of timber cladding.
b) the accumulation with other development;	The proposed alteration would be an accumulation with other built development.
c) the use of natural resources;	Natural resources of natural slate used in cladding.
d) the production of waste;	Some production of waste from the construction.
e) pollution and nuisances;	Some pollution and nuisance as a result of construction works.
f) the risk of accidents, having regard in particular to substances or technologies used.	Likely to be low risk of accidents having regard to the standard technologies to be used.

2. The environmental sensitivity of geographical areas likely to be affected by development must be considered having regard, in particular, to:

a) the existing land use;	The existing land use is residential.
b) the relative abundance, quality and regenerative capacity of natural resources in the area;	Outside the site and the built up area there is a high abundance of high quality natural resources, both coastal and countryside of both

		designated international importance and local
		nature reserves.
c) the absorption capacity of the	ne natural	The application is for the raising of the existing
environment, paying particular attention to the		roof, installation of dormers and various
following areas:		alterations to the external appearance of the
I. Wetlands; II. Coastal zones; III. Mountain and forest a IV. Nature reserves and p V. Areas classified or pro Member states' legisla designated by Membe Council Directive 79/4 conservation of Wild B Directive 92/43/EEC of of natural habitats and flora (b);	arks; tected under ation; areas r States pursuant to 09/EEC on the sirds (a) and Council n the conservation	existing building. The absorption capacity of the natural environment is considered to be high.
VI. Area in which the envi	· · ·	
legislation have alread	•	
VII. Densely populated are	eas;	
VIII. Landscapes of historic	al, cultural or	
archaeological significa	ance;	

3. The potential significant effects of development must be considered in relation to criteria set out under paragraphs 1 and 2 above, and having regard in particular to:

a) The extent of the impact (geographical areas and size of the affected population);	The impact will be limited to the building.
b) The trans-frontier nature of the impact;	There will not be any trans-frontier impacts
c) The magnitude and complexity of the impact;	Low
d) The probability of the impact;	Low
e) The duration, frequency and reversibility of the impact.	The proposed works to the dwelling would be permanent and irreversible.

Q1	Is it a major development which is of more than local importance?	N	
Q2	Does it affect a particularly environmentally sensitive or vulnerable location?	N	
Q3	Does it have unusually complex and potentially hazardous environmental effects	? N	

Conclusion			
Environmental Impact Assessment	Not required.		