

COUNCIL OF THE ISLES OF SCILLY

Application Number: P/19/001/FUL	Town and Country Planning (Environmental
	Impact Assessment) Regulations 2017
Screened by: Joe White	, , ,
On: 4 th February 2019	

This is a schedule 2 development by virtue of 10 (b) of Schedule 2 of the EIA Regs

1. The characteristics of development must be considered having regard in particular to:

a) the size of the development;	This is an application for the proposed removal of render on the south elevation of a dwelling and restoring to original exposed granite using lime pointing, together with the removal of a chimney.
b) the accumulation with other development;	The proposal would alter the existing built environment.
c) the use of natural resources;	There would be some use of natural resources in terms of materials of construction.
d) the production of waste;	There will be production of waste from the removal of render and chimney, together with some waste from the development process.
e) pollution and nuisances;	Some pollution and nuisance as a result of construction works
f) the risk of accidents, having regard in particular to substances or technologies used.	Likely to be low risk of accidents having regard to the standard technologies and methods to be used

2. The environmental sensitivity of geographical areas likely to be affected by development must be considered having regard, in particular, to:

a) the existing land use;	The existing land use is residential.
b) the relative abundance, quality and regenerative capacity of natural resources in the area;	Outside the site there is a high abundance of high quality natural resources, both coastal and

		countryside of both designated international	
		importance and local nature reserves.	
c) the a	bsorption capacity of the natural	The application is for the alteration of a	
environ	ment, paying particular attention to the	residential property. The absorption capacity of	
following areas:		the natural environment is considered to be high.	
I.	Wetlands;		
II.	Coastal zones;		
III.	Mountain and forest areas;		
IV.	Nature reserves and parks;		
V.	Areas classified or protected under		
	Member states' legislation; areas		
	designated by Member States pursuant to		
	Council Directive 79/409/EEC on the		
	conservation of Wild Birds (a) and Council		
	Directive 92/43/EEC on the conservation		
	of natural habitats and of wild fauna and		
	flora (b);		
VI.	Area in which the environmental quality		
	standards laid down in Community		
	legislation have already been exceeded;		
	Densely populated areas;		
VIII.	Landscapes of historical, cultural or		
	archaeological significance;		

3. The potential significant effects of development must be considered in relation to criteria set out under paragraphs 1 and 2 above, and having regard in particular to:

a) The extent of the impact (geographical	The impact will be limited to the building and
areas and size of the affected population);	the site
b) The trans-frontier nature of the impact;	There will not be any trans-frontier impacts
c) The magnitude and complexity of the	Low
impact;	
d) The probability of the impact;	Low
e) The duration, frequency and reversibility of	The proposed alterations to the building will be
the impact.	permanent but reversible

Q1	Is it a major development which is of more than local importance?	N
Q2	Does it affect a particularly environmentally sensitive or vulnerable location?	N
Q3	Does it have unusually complex and potentially hazardous environmental effects?	N

Conclusion		
Environmental Impact Assessment	Not Required	